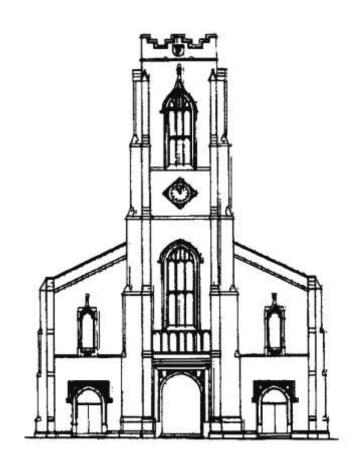


St Paul's Church, Knightsbridge The Diocese of London



The Solemn Eucharist *Dedication Festival*26th October 2014 at 11 a.m.

Welcome to St Paul's Knightsbridge, part of the Diocese of London and a church of the worldwide Anglican Communion. If you are visiting us from another church, please make yourself known to the sidesmen or to one of the clergy after the service. Members of all Christian churches are welcome to share with us in this Eucharist — and those who do not wish to receive the Sacrament are invited to approach the altar at the time of Communion, to receive a blessing.

There is a loop system in the lower parts of the church for the benefit of the hearing-impaired. Hearing aid users should switch their devices to 'T'.



During the service a collection will be taken for the work of the church in this parish,

throughout the Diocese of London and further afield. Please use the special envelopes at the end of each pew to maximise your giving through the 'Giftaid' scheme.





Members of the congregation are asked to ensure that mobile phones are switched off (or to silent) and are reminded

that the taking of photographs or the making of audio or video recordings during services is prohibited.

Order of Service

The Introductory Rite

At 11 a.m. a bell is rung. The Servers and Sacred Ministers enter and process to cense the High Altar before returning to the platform. All stand to sing:

ENTRANCE HYMN

Christ is made the sure foundation, And the precious corner-stone, Who, the two walls underlying, Bound in each, binds both in one, Holy Sion's help for ever, And her confidence alone.

All that dedicated city,
Dearly loved by God on high,
In exultant jubilation
Pours perpetual melody,
God the One, in Threefold glory,
Singing Everlastingly.

To this temple, where we call thee, Come, O Lord of hosts, today; With thy wonted loving-kindness, Hear thy people as they pray; And thy fullest benediction Shed within its walls for ay.

Here vouchsafe to all thy servants
Gifts of grace by prayer to gain;
Here to have and hold for ever,
Those good things their prayers obtain,
And hereafter, in thy glory,
With thy blessèd ones to reign.

Laud and honour to the Father,
Laud and honour to the Son,
Laud and honour to the Spirit,
Ever Three and ever One,
One in love, and One in splendour,
While unending ages run. Amen.

THE GREETING

When all are in their places the Celebrant says:

▼ In the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Spirit. **Amen.**

The Lord be with you and with thy spirit.

THE PRAYER OF PREPARATION

Almighty God, unto whom all hearts be open, all desires known, and from whom no secrets are hid: cleanse the thoughts of our hearts by the inspiration of thy Holy Spirit, that we may perfectly love thee, and worthily magnify thy holy name; through Christ, our Lord. Amen.

THE PRAYERS OF PENITENCE

The Deacon says:

As we give thanks for this foundation of this holy House, let us call to mind the times when we have not been steadfast in our witness to Christ, and humbly confess our sins to God.

All kneel.

Almighty God, our heavenly Father, we have sinned against thee and against our neighbour, in thought and word and deed, through negligence, through weakness, through our own deliberate fault.

We are heartily sorry and repent of all our sins.

For the sake of thy Son Jesus Christ, who died for us, forgive us all that is past, and grant that we may serve thee in newness of life to the glory of thy name. Amen.

The Celebrant says:

Almighty God, who forgives all who truly repent, have mercy upon you, pardon and deliver you from all your sins, confirm and strengthen you in all goodness, and keep you in life eternal; through Jesus Christ, our Lord. **Amen.**

The choir sings:

KYRIE ELEISON

Kyrie eleison: Christe eleison: Kyrie eleison.

Lord have mercy: Christ have mercy: Lord have mercy.

All then stand for the intonation of the Gloria (after which we take our lead from the celebrant, and may sit until its end):

GLORIA IN EXCELSIS DEO

Gloria in excelsis Deo. Et in terra pax hominibus bonae voluntatis. Laudamus te, benedicimus te, adoramus te, glorificamus te. Gratias agimus tibi propter magnam gloriam tuam. Domine Deus, Rex coelestis, Deus Pater omnipotens, Domine Fili unigenite, Jesu Christe. Domine Deus, Agnus Dei, Filius Patris. Qui tollis peccata mundi, miserere nobis. Qui tollis peccata mundi, suscipe deprecationem nostram. Qui sedes ad dexteram Patris, miserere nobis. Quoniam tu solus Sanctus. Tu solus Dominus. Tu solus altissimus, Jesu Christe cum Sancto Spiritu in gloria Dei Patris. Amen.

Glory be to God on high, and in earth peace, goodwill towards men. We praise thee, we bless thee, we worship thee, we glorify thee, we give thanks to thee for thy great glory, O Lord God, heavenly king, God, the Father almighty. O Lord, the only-begotten son, Jesus Christ: O Lord God, Lamb of God, Son of the Father, that takest away the sins of the world, have mercy upon us. Thou that takest away the sins of the world, receive our prayer. Thou that sittest at the right hand of God the Father, have mercy upon us. For thou only art holy; thou only art the Lord; thou only, O Christ, with the Holy Ghost, art the most high, in the glory of God the Father. Amen.

Music: Coronation Mass – W.A. Mozart (1756-1791)

All stand when the sacred ministers stand.

THE COLLECT

Let us pray.

Almighty God,

to whose glory we celebrate the dedication of this house of prayer: we praise thee for the many blessings thou hast given to those who worship thee here: and we pray that all who seek thee in this place may find thee, and, being filled with the Holy Spirit, may become a living temple acceptable to thee; through Jesus Christ thy Son our Lord, who liveth and reigneth with thee, in the unity of the Holy Spirit, one God, now and for ever **Amen**.

All sit.

The Liturgy of the Word

THE FIRST READING

The First Book of the Kings 8: 22-30

Then Solomon stood before the altar of the Lord in the presence of all the assembly of Israel, and spread out his hands to heaven. He said, 'O Lord, God of Israel, there is no God like you in heaven above or on earth beneath, keeping covenant and steadfast love for your servants who walk before you with all their heart, the covenant that you kept for your servant my father David as you declared to him; you promised with your mouth and have this day fulfilled with your hand. Therefore, O Lord, God of Israel, keep for your servant my father David that which you promised him, saying, "There shall never fail you a successor before me to sit on the throne of Israel, if only your children look to their way, to walk before me as you have walked before me." Therefore, O God of Israel, let your word be confirmed, which you promised to your servant my father David. 'But will God indeed dwell on the earth? Even heaven and the highest heaven cannot contain you, much less this house that I have built! Have regard to your servant's prayer and his plea, O Lord my God, heeding the cry and the prayer that your servant prays to you today; that your eyes may be open night and day towards this house, the place of which you said, "My name shall be there", that you may heed the prayer that your servant prays towards this place. Hear the plea of your servant and of your people Israel when they pray towards this place; O hear in heaven your dwelling-place; heed and forgive.

At the end:

This is the word of the Lord. **Thanks be to God.**

THE PSALMODY

The Choir sings:

I was glad Charles Hubert Hastings Parry (1848-1918)

I was glad when they said unto me, we will go into the house of the Lord. Our feet shall stand in thy gates, O Jerusalem. Jerusalem is builded as a city, that is at unity in itself.
O pray for the peace of Jerusalem, they shall prosper that love thee. Peace be within thy walls, and plenteousness within thy palaces.

Words: from Psalm 122

THE SECOND READING

The Letter to the Hebrews 12: 18-24

You have not come to something that can be touched, a blazing fire, and darkness, and gloom, and a tempest, and the sound of a trumpet, and a voice whose words made the hearers beg that not another word be spoken to them. (For they could not endure the order that was given, 'If even an animal touches the mountain, it shall be stoned to death.' Indeed, so terrifying was the sight that Moses said, 'I tremble with fear.') But you have come to Mount Zion and to the city of the living God, the heavenly Jerusalem, and to innumerable angels in festal gathering, and to the assembly of the firstborn who are enrolled in heaven, and to God the judge of all, and to the spirits of the righteous made perfect, and to Jesus, the mediator of a new covenant, and to the sprinkled blood that speaks a better word than the blood of Abel.

At the end:

This is the word of the Lord.

Thanks be to God.

All stand.

THE GRADUAL HYMN

O word of God above, Who fillest all in all, Hallow this house with thy sure love, And bless our festival.

Here at the font is given The new birth from above, And here the Spirit's gift from heaven Confirms the soul in love.

Here Christ to faithful hearts His body gives for food, And here the living Lord imparts The chalice of his blood.

Here guilty souls that pine May health and healing win, Forgiveness free and grace divine Restore the dead in sin.

All glory evermore To God the Three in One, The God whom heaven and earth adore While endless ages run. Amen.

> Words: from the Latin of Charles Guiet (1601-64) Music: 'Franconia', W.H. Havergal (1793-1870)

All remain standing.

THE GOSPEL ACCLAMATION

The Cantor sings:



Alleluia, alleluia, alleluia.

I shall make my home among them, says the Lord; I will be their God, they shall be my people. **Alleluia**, **alleluia**.

All turn to face the Deacon.

THE GOSPEL READING

The Deacon says:

The Lord be with you **and with thy spirit.**Hear the Gospel of our Lord, Jesus Christ, according to Matthew. **Glory be to thee, O Lord.**

Then Jesus entered the temple and drove out all who were selling and buying in the temple, and he overturned the tables of the money-changers and the seats of those who sold doves. He said to them, 'It is written, "My house shall be called a house of prayer"; but you are making it a den of robbers.' The blind and the lame came to him in the temple, and he cured them. But when the chief priests and the scribes saw the amazing things that he did, and heard the children crying out in the temple, 'Hosanna to the Son of David', they became angry and said to him, 'Do you hear what these are saying?' Jesus said to them, 'Yes; have you never read, "Out of the mouths of infants and nursing babies you have prepared praise for yourself"?'

Matthew 21: 12-16

This is the Gospel of the Lord. **Praise be to thee, O Christ.**

THE SERMON

The Right Reverend Michael Colclough Bishop in Residence at St Paul's Knightsbridge

Silence is kept.

THE CREED

All stand with the Celebrant, who says:

Let us make affirmation of our faith.

I believe in one God, the Father almighty, maker of heaven and earth. and of all things visible and invisible: And in one Lord, Jesus Christ, the only-begotten Son of God, begotten of his Father before all worlds, God of God, Light of light, very God of very God, begotten, not made, being of one substance with the Father, by whom all things were made; who for us men and for our salvation came down from heaven, and was incarnate by the Holy Ghost of the Virgin Mary, and was made man, and was crucified also for us under Pontius Pilate. He suffered and was buried. and the third day he rose again according to the Scriptures, and ascended into heaven, and sitteth on the right hand of the Father. And he shall come again with glory to judge both the quick and the dead: whose kingdom shall have no end. And I believe in the Holy Ghost, the Lord, the giver of life, who proceedeth from the Father and the Son, who with the Father and the Son together is worshipped and glorified, who spake by the prophets. And I believe One Holy Catholic and Apostolic Church. I acknowledge one Baptism for the remission of sins. And I look for the resurrection of the dead. and the life of the world to come. Amen.

All remain standing.

THE PRAYERS OF INTERCESSION

In the power of the Spirit and in union with Christ, let us pray to the Father.

All kneel. Either of the following responses may be used:

Lord in thy mercy or Lord, hear us

hear our prayer Lord, graciously hear us.

For the departed, these words may be used:

Rest eternal grant unto them, O Lord and let light perpetual shine upon them. May they rest in peace and rise in glory.

At the end, a brief period of silence is kept for personal prayer. All say:

Merciful Father,

accept these prayers for the sake of thy Son, our Saviour, Jesus Christ. Amen.

All sit.

THE NOTICES

All stand.

THE PEACE

The Celebrant says:

Christ is our peace.

He has reconciled us to God in one body by the Cross.

We meet in his name and share his peace.

The peace of the Lord be always with you. and with thy spirit.

The Deacon says:

Let us offer one another a sign of peace.

All exchange a sign of peace with those standing close by.

THE OFFERTORY

The gifts of the people are carried to the altar and presented.

A collection is taken to support our work, ministry and charitable giving. Please use the Gift Aid envelopes provided, remembering to fill in all the details.

The altar is prepared and the gifts of bread and wine, the altar, and the sanctuary party is censed.

THE COLLECTION HYMN

In our day of thanksgiving one psalm let us offer For the saints who before us have found their reward; When the shadow of death fell upon them, we sorrowed, But now we rejoice that they rest in the Lord.

In the morning of life, and at noon, and at even, He called them away from our worship below; But not till his love, at the font and the altar, Had girt them with grace for the way they should go.

These stones that have echoed their praises are holy, And dear is the ground where their feet have once trod; Yet here they confessed they were strangers and pilgrims, And still they were seeking the city of God.

Sing praise, then, for all who here sought and here found him, Whose journey is ended, whose perils are past:
They believed in the Light; and its glory is round them,
Where the clouds of earth's sorrow are lifted at last.

Words: William Draper (1855-1933) Music: 'St Catherine's Court' by Richard Strutt (1848-1927)

All sit.

THE OFFERTORY MOTET

'Wie lieblich sind deine Wohnungen' from Ein deutsches Requiem, Op. 45

Johannes Brahms (1833-1897)

Wie lieblich sind deine Wohnungen, Herr Zebaoth! Meine Seele verlanget und sehnet sich nach den Vorhöfen des Herrn; mein Leib und Seele freuen sich in dem lebendigen Gott. Wohl denen, die in deinem Hause wohnen, die loben dich immerdar.

How lovely are thy tabernacles, O Lord of hosts!

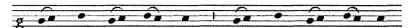
My soul longs, yea, even faints for the courts of the Lord: my heart and my flesh cries out for the living God.

Blessed are they that dwell in thy house: they will always be praising thee.

When the Thurifer approaches, all stand to be censed. After being censed, all remain standing for the Eucharistic Prayer.

THE EUCHARISTIC PRAYER

The Celebrant sings: All respond:



The Lord be with you R and with thy spi-rit.



Lift up your hearts. R. We lift them up un-to the Lord.



Let us give thanks un - to the Lord our God.



R It is meet and right so to do.

It is very meet, right and our bounden duty, that we should at all times and in all places give thanks unto thee, O Lord, holy Father, almighty, everlasting God, through Jesus Christ, thine only Son, our Lord. For he is thy living Word; through him thou hast created all things from the beginning, and fashioned us in thine own image. Through him thou didst redeem us from the slavery of sin, giving him to be born of a woman, to die upon the cross, and to rise again for us. Through him thou hast made us a people for thine own possession, exalting him to thy right hand on high, and sending forth through him thy holy and life-giving Spirit.

Though the heaven of heavens cannot contain thee, and thy glory is in all the world, thou dost deign to hallow places for thy worship, and in them dost pour forth gifts of grace upon thy faithful people.

Therefore with angels and archangels, and with all the company of heaven, we laud and magnify thy glorious name, evermore praising thee and saying:

The choir sings:

Sanctus, Sanctus, Sanctus, Dominus Deus Sabaoth, Pleni sunt caeli et terra gloria tua, Hosanna in excelsis. Benedictus qui venit in nomine Domini. Hosanna in excelsis.

Holy, holy, holy, Lord God of hosts, heaven and earth are full of thy glory. Glory be to thee, O Lord most high. Blessed is he that cometh in the name of the Lord. Hosanna in the highest.

Music: Coronation Mass – W.A. Mozart (1756-1791)

The prayer continues:

Accept our praises, heavenly Father, through thy Son, our Saviour, Jesus Christ, and as we follow his example and obey his command, grant that by the power of thy Holy Spirit these gifts of bread and wine may be unto us his body and his blood; who, in the same night that he was betrayed, took bread; and when he had given thanks to thee, he broke it and gave it to his disciples, saying:

Take, eat; this is my body which is given for you; do this in remembrance of me.

Likewise after supper he took the cup; and when he had given thanks to thee, he gave it to them, saying:

Drink ye all of this; for this is my blood of the new covenant, which is shed for you and for many for the forgiveness of sins. Do this, as oft as ye shall drink it, in remembrance of me.

Wherefore, O Lord and heavenly Father, we remember his offering of himself made once for all upon the cross; we proclaim his mighty resurrection and glorious ascension; we look for the coming of his kingdom and with this bread and this cup we make the memorial of Christ, thy Son, our Lord.

Let us proclaim the mystery of faith:

Christ has died: Christ is risen: Christ will come again.

Accept through him, our great high priest, this our sacrifice of thanks and praise, and as we eat and drink these holy gifts in the presence of thy divine majesty, renew us by thy Holy Spirit, inspire us with thy love, and unite us in the body of thy Son, Jesus Christ our Lord, by whom, and with whom, and in whom, in the unity of the Holy Spirit, all honour and glory be unto thee, O Father almighty, world without end.

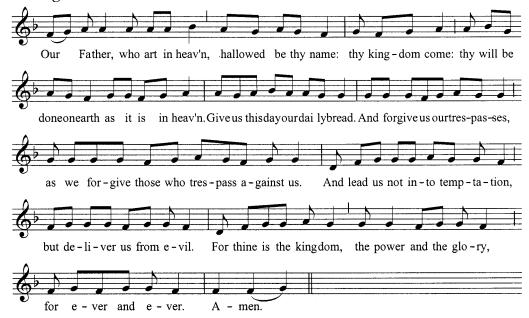
Amen.

THE LORD'S PRAYER

All kneel. The Celebrant sings:

Let us pray with confidence as our Saviour has taught us.

All sing:



THE FRACTION

The Celebrant breaks the consecrated bread, saying: We break this bread to share in the body of Christ. Though we are many, we are one body, because we all share in one bread.

THE GIVING OF HOLY COMMUNION

By way of invitation to receive the Sacrament the Celebrant says:

Behold the Lamb of God who takes away the sin of the world. Blessed are those who are called to his supper.

Lord, I am not worthy that thou shouldest come under my roof, but speak the word only and my soul shall be healed.

The Sacred Ministers and Servers receive the Holy Communion, followed by the people, beginning with those seated at the front of the Nave. All who normally do so in their own Church are invited to receive the Sacrament. Those who do not wish to receive the Sacrament of Holy Communion are invited to approach the altar to receive a blessing, carrying this booklet in their hands as an indication to the Priest.

AGNUS DEI

O Lamb of God, that takest away the sins of the world, have mercy upon us.

O Lamb of God, that takest away the sins of the world, have mercy upon us.

O Lamb of God, that takest away the sins of the world, grant us thy peace.

Music: Coronation Mass – W.A. Mozart (1756-1791)

COMMUNION ANTHEM

Locus iste

Anton Bruckner (1824-1896)

Locus iste a Deo factus est, inaestimabile sacramentum, irreprehensibilis est.

This place was made by God, an inestimably holy place.
It is without blame.

PRAYERS AFTER COMMUNION

The Celebrant introduces a period of silent prayer.

Let us pray. *All kneel*.

Father in heaven, whose Church on earth is a sign of thy heavenly peace, an image of the new and eternal Jerusalem: grant to us in the days of our pilgrimage that, fed with the living bread of heaven, and united in the body of thy Son, we may be the temple of thy presence, the place of thy glory on earth, and a sign of thy peace in the world; through Jesus Christ our Lord. **Amen.**

Almighty God, we thank thee for feeding us with the body and blood of thy Son, Jesus Christ. Through him we offer thee our souls and bodies to be a living sacrifice. Send us out in the power of thy Spirit to live and work to thy praise and glory. Amen.

THE CONCLUDING HYMN

Christ is our corner-stone, on him alone we build; with his true saints alone the courts of heaven are filled: on his great love our hopes we place of present grace and joys above.

O then with hymns of praise these hallowed courts shall ring; our voices we will raise the Three in One to sing; and thus proclaim in joyful song both loud and long that glorious Name.

Here may we gain from heaven the grace which we implore; and may that grace, once given, be with us evermore, until that day when all the blest to endless rest are called away.

> Latin c.7th century, tr. John Chandler (1806-76) tune: 'Harewood' by S. S. Wesley (1810-76)

THE BLESSING & THE DISMISSAL

The Lord be with you and with thy spirit.

Christ, who has nourished us with himself the living bread, make you one in praise and love, and raise you up at the last day; and the blessing of God almighty, the Father, the Son, and the Holy Spirit, be among you and remain with you always. **Amen.** *The Deacon says:*

Go in the peace of Christ.

Thanks be to God.

All remain standing as the Servers and Sacred Ministers depart.

ORGAN VOLUNTARY

played by Jeremy Cole **Final from Symphonie No 6**Charles-Marie Jean Albert Widor (1844 –1937)

I Kings 8

The Temple has been built, as David wished. In his time, the Ark was brought to Jerusalem after he conquered the city; it was placed in the "city of David", as it was then known, in the "tent of meeting". The Ark is now moved, in procession, to the Temple, to the Holy of Holies. After the priests leave the Ark there, "a cloud filled the house of the Lord", a sign of God's presence. Solomon addresses the people, declaring the continuity between God's covenant with Israel during the exodus, his promise to David, and the Temple – God's dwelling place among his people.

Verses 22-53 are Solomon's prayer of dedication (edited by a later hand, during the exile in Babylon.) Solomon asks God to keep his promise to David: that his lineage will continue forever if his descendants follow God's ways as David did. The question in v. 27 is rhetorical, for the cloud is evidence of God's presence. Omni-present as he is, God makes the Temple his earthly home. God's "name" is symbolic of his presence. Solomon asks that God may always be attentive to prayer in the Temple, and "toward" it (from exile). The King asks God's attention to his and the people's "plea". May God hear them, his chosen people – as he promised to Moses.

Hebrews 10.19-25

The author has told us how much greater is Christ's sacrifice of himself than the annual sacrifices of the high priest on the Day of Atonement. Now he says that what any priest offered daily in sacrificial ritual for the forgiveness of sins was worthless, unlike Christ's "single sacrifice": after Jesus died and rose, he became king. (Kings "sat down", but priests stood.) Since that time, he has been awaiting the final defeat of his "enemies". (The author does not say who they are.) For by offering himself on the cross he has "perfected", completed, the removal of sin from those whom God has "sanctified", made holy, set apart for his service. (Elsewhere salvation will be completed when Christ comes again.)

The writings of the Old Testament, divinely inspired through the "Holy Spirit", foretold this: Jeremiah wrote that there will be a new covenant, one in which God's ways will be written in peoples' very being, and where God will, in effect, clean off the sin slate. We have a new covenant, a new deal with God. Verses. 19ff tell of the consequences of the new covenant: since Christ's sacrifice allows us to enter into God's presence boldly, now that there is no longer a barrier ("curtain") between the faithful and God, and since Christ is "a great [high] priest" who has sacrificed for the Church ("house of God"), we have three privileges/duties: we can and must approach God in faith with clear consciences; "hold fast" to our statement of faith (made at baptism), reciprocating God's fidelity to us, and stimulate the expression of "love and good deeds" in others.

These duties must be performed in the context of the liturgical community, especially since "the Day" (Christ's second coming), is approaching.

Matthew 21.12-16

The Gospel has been building toward a confrontation between Jesus and the leaders in Jerusalem. Now Jesus indirectly confronts the most powerful

Jerusalem leaders, who to this point have felt less threatened by him than the more populist Pharisees. Such a move can only foreshadow Jesus' death.

Jesus courageously confronts injustice. Because Jesus opposed the buyers as well as the sellers, he probably was not criticizing economic exploitation or high prices. Jesus probably viewed the temple as morally and spiritually impure, as the Qumran sect also believed. Yet Jesus was not simply seeking to renew the temple's holiness. He could have symbolized a mere purifying of the temple by pouring out water; overturning tables signified something more ominous.

Jesus warns that religious symbols cannot protect us from God's judgement. Matthew, wishes to stress judgment against a temple establishment that rejected Jesus. Not so much the brigands in the wilderness as the temple authorities are the real bandits.

God can speak through children. Jesus' deeds were not the only cause for the chief priests' and legal experts' discomfort; Jesus was accepting public praise as the Son of David, and even if the priestly aristocracy was gentler than their opponents' portraits of them suggest, Roman rule left them no choice but to correct him or betray him to the governor. To them he appeared to be simply another misguided charismatic leader.

Jesus, who again defends the receptiveness of children, responds from Scripture (since he now addresses those educated in Scripture): from the lips of children God has ordained praise. And if children praise him, how much more ought the religious leaders to join in!

NOTES ON THE MUSIC

Mozart - Coronation Mass

Composed for chorus and SATB soloists in 1779, this mass was not written for a coronation - instead, it was later adopted for the purpose due to its uplifting nature, and given its modern title. The soloists' parts are often highly operatic, in contrast to the chorus writing. The serene and beautiful Agnus Dei is a stunning contrast to the bright and uplifting Kyrie, Gloria, and Credo. The Mass, like most of Mozart's, is a Missa Brevis (as opposed to a longer, Missa Solemnis).

Parry - I was glad

Parry originally composed this stunning anthem for the coronation of King Edward VII in 1902, although it was not until 1911 - at the chlorination of George VI - that the version we know today appeared, with its familiar, grandiose introduction, after various revisions by Parry. In fact, the first performance in 1902 had been rather a fiasco as the director of music at the time completely misjudged the timings, and hence the anthem was finished before the monarch had even entered the building! Realising the mistake, they simply sung it again at the correct time. The two choir section was originally intended to be split as follows - the first choir being sung by the men and choristers of

Westminster Abbey, and the second choir being sung by an enormous group of 450 singers, made up of some of the best choirs from around the country. The 'Vivat' section ('long live the monarch' - which is only performed at a coronation), was to be sung by a choir of choristers positioned atop the Abbey screen as the King passed underneath. The effect must have been stunning! The piece can be clearly divided, for the most part, into sections, interspersed with organ interludes. The softest and most peaceful section - 'O pray for the peace of Jerusalem' - leads into the glorious finale, concluded by a fanfare of trumpets declaiming the famous three note, rising, opening motif.

Brahms – Wie lieblich sind deine Wohnungen

An extract from the large scale Brahms' work - 'A German Requiem', a work for SATB chorus, orchestra, and soprano and baritone soloists, made up of texts, in German, compiled by the composer himself, as opposed to using the traditional mass text - this movement sets to music psalm 84:1,2,4 - 'How lovely are they dwellings'.

Bruckner - Locus iste

Anton Bruckner was an Austrian romantic composer in the 19th century. His music included symphonies, Masses, and motets. His grand style has much in common with that of Richard Wagner (although admittedly lacking Wagner's dramatic and musical profundity). However, Bruckner was said to be a modest and self effacing character, in stark contrast to Wagner's brash, arrogant, and highly unpleasant personality, and hence Bruckner was well liked in the musical circles of the time.

This simple and largely chordal motet is one of the best known in the sacred repertoire. The text translates as 'This place was made by God', and was composed for the dedication of New Cathedral in Austria in 1869.

Final from Symphonie No 6 - Widor

Charles Marie Widor was one of the most influential composers of his time. He was largely responsible for restoring the beauty and grandeur which had been so neglected in French music since the revolution - a lack exemplified in the brash circus-like marches of Lefébure-Wély, more fitting for a herd of elephants in the local circus than the clergy of St Sulpice. With Widor's most prolific output of music being for the organ, he was a true master of the instrument. His melodies are lyrical and sympathetic to the instruments and buildings in which they were to be performed. Some notable melodies are those of the second movement of his fifth organ Symphonie, and the fourth movement of his sixth, as well as that of the Agnus Dei from his Mass for two choirs.

As well as such hauntingly beautiful melodies, Widor was much famed for his grand marches and toccatas such as the 'March Ponificale', the ubiquitous 'Widor's Toccata', and this - the Finale from his sixth Symphonie for organ. The entire piece is unashamedly joyous and celebratory, and is a fine showcase for some of Widor's finest writing for the instrument.

THE CHOIR OF ST PAUL'S KNIGHTSBRIDGE

DIRECTOR OF MUSIC

Stephen Farr

ASSISTANT DIRECTOR OF MUSIC

Jeremy Cole

ORGAN SCHOLAR

Luke Navin

The Music & Musicians of St Paul's Knightsbridge

St Paul's Knightsbridge maintains a regular professional choir of eight and the services of both a Director (Stephen Farr) and Assistant Director of Music (Jeremy Cole). The organ is by Henry Willis & Sons and dates from 1888. The musical repertoire, Sunday by Sunday, is diverse and often boldly ambitious: at the Solemn Mass at 11 am there is always a choral mass setting and two seasonal anthems, one at the Offertory and the other during Communion. Full details of the music for each week – along with a programme note – is published in the service paper. The musicians also sing and play for weddings, baptisms, funerals and memorial services at the church.

St Paul's Knightsbridge is grateful to The Berkeley Hotel for its generous and neighbourly support of the music.

THE BERKELEY

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The service is compiled and printed at St Paul's Church, Knightsbridge.

For further information about the life of St Paul's, please contact:

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